

Reception Summer 1

Understanding the World: Past and Present (Links to History)

The Past Significant People

- *History is learning about people, places and things that have happened in the past and how they changed the world we live in today.*
- Things happened before I was born.
- There are significant people that have lived in the past that have helped us. - Queen Elizabeth II, Sir Thomas Moore, Florence Nightingale

Understanding the World: The World (Links to Science and Geography)

Seasonal Changes

(Built up through the year as each season happens)

- The seasons happen through the year.
- The seasons are: Spring, Summer, Autumn, Winter
- In Spring it is sunny and warm.
- In Spring the buds begin to grow on the trees and spring flowers blossom.
- In Summer it is sunny and hot.
- The leaves are green on the trees

++ Plus CK from Autumn and Spring

Understanding the World: People and Communities (Links to PSHE)

It's a small world or is it?

- The United Kingdom is part of the World
- The world has different countries, where different people and different animals live.
- You have to travel to other countries in different types of transport.

Understanding the World: The World (Links to Science)

It's a Small World or is it?

- We speak English in the United Kingdom
- Some people also speak different languages, including, Polish, Hungarian, French and Spanish.
- People all over the world speak different languages
- We are not all the same.
- We do not all look the same.

Understanding the World: The World (Links to Geography, Science)

Animals around the world

- There are different animals that live around the world.
- Some live in the sea and oceans
- Some live in hot countries
- Some live in cold countries
- Animals with a pouch are called marsupials.

Understanding the World: People, Culture and Communities (Links to RE)

RE - Celebrations

- Faith is a belief in someone or something such as a God/Gods.
- If you have faith, you may belong to a religion.
- There are different religions in the world.
- Christianity is a religion.
- Different religions worship in different places
- Christians worship in a special place called a church

Understanding the World Computing

Creating Media – Photos

- Digital content can be pictures
- You can use technology like an I-pad to take photographs

Expressive Arts and Design

Sculpture

- Clay can be made into different shapes to make sculptures.

Expressive Arts and Design. Music

Down there Under the Sea

Musical Learning

- Compose new words and actions to *Down there under the sea.*
- Sing a call-and-response song.
- Play sea sound effects.
- Play a stepping tune using the notes C-D-E .
- Listen and move to pieces of music inspired by the sea.

Key Musical Vocabulary

- Dynamics: getting louder, getting quieter.
- Pitch: stepping note, leap, notes C-D-E, higher, lower.
- Structure: call-and-response.
- Tempo: getting slower/faster.
- Timbre: shaker, scraper, chime tree, chime bars, glockenspiel, xylophone, ocean drum, rain stick.

Prime Areas + Maths and English

Built up over the year, so not new knowledge

Communication and Language

it's a small world or is it?

- **Who** - a person (someone)
- **When** - a time
- **Where** - a place or position
- **What** - a thing (something), asks for information
- **How** - a way to explain
- **Why** - a cause or reason

People who help us Teachers, Police, Fire brigade, Vets, shop assistants

Personal, Social and Emotional Development

My family and friends

- We are not all the same.
- We all have different likes and dislikes.
- We all have things we are good at and things that we struggle with.

Physical Development

Athletics

- Agility is how quickly you can change direction whilst maintaining speed and balance.
- Run is to move quickly using your feet.
- Jump is to lift off the ground.
- If you run and then jump the distance you jump will be longer

Literacy

Comprehension

- **Text** - writing
- **Comprehension** - understanding the meaning of what is being read
- **Predict** - tell what might happen based on things you already know
- **Sequence** - things are in an order
- **Fiction** - text written about imaginary things – not true (E.g. a story)
- **Non-fiction** - text written about real things, gives information (E.g. Instructions)

Literacy

Phonics

- **Letter** - a mark which has a name and a sound. There are 26
- **Phoneme** - smallest unit of sound within a word. There are 44
- **Word** - a group of letters to make meaning
- **Phonics** - a way of teaching reading by knowing the sounds of letters
- **Digraph** - two letters that make a single sound
- **Split Digraph** –
- **Trigraph** - Three letters that make one sound.

Literacy

Writing

- **Sentence**: starts with a capital letter and ends with a full stop.
- **Capital letters** - also called upper case, these are taller in size and used at the start of a sentence and for a proper noun
- **Lower case letters** - usually smaller in size, used most often in writing
- **Finger spaces** - gaps left between words

Mathematics

WRM To 20 and beyond

- **Number**: an amount
 - A number is an amount of something.
 - It can be shown in words, digits, symbols or pictures to show that amount. E.g. six 6 VI
- We use numbers to count an amount.
 - There are ten digits that we use.
 - A digit is any one of these symbols: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
- **+ addition: put together**
 - Adding is bringing two or more things together – they will make a new amount.
 - Addition can be used to count (adding one or more each time).
- **- subtraction: taking away**
 - Subtraction is taking away from an amount.
 - The answer is always smaller than the original amount.
 - Subtraction can be used to count backwards.