Year 4 Spring 2		
Science Crucial Knowledge		
Living Things and Their Habitats	 Living things can be grouped and classified based on their characteristics. Animals can be classified as either vertebrates or invertebrates. Vertebrates are animals that have a backbone inside their body. Invertebrates don't have a backbone. They either have a soft body, like worms and jellyfish, or a hard outer casing covering their body, like spiders and crabs. Vertebrates include: mammals, fish, birds, reptiles, amphibians. Invertebrates include: insects, spiders, worms, slugs, snails. Environment - where something is/lives Plants and animals rely on what their environment provides them, so any changes to do this could be dangerous to the animals and plants living there. 	
History Crucial Knowledge		
Roman Britain	 The Romans were a group of people who came from the city of Rome in Italy. The Romans invaded Britain in 43AD. The Romans invaded Britain around 2000 years ago. The Romans only conquered England and Wales. The Romans brought many things to Britain including roads, laws and coins. Some Romans lived in stone houses called villas. 	
	 The Romans left Britain in 410AD. They went to defend Rome itself from attack. Design Technology Crucial Knowledge 	
Electrical Systems Simple circuits and switches	 A circuit is made up of a battery and wire An electrical circuit carries electricity from the battery along wires The circuit needs something to power like a bulb or a motor A switch can be added to the circuit so that it can be switched on or off 	
	Computing Crucial Knowledge	
Programming - Repetition in shapes	 An algorithm is a precise set of ordered instructions which can be turned into code Coding is how we communicate with computers. Code tells a computer what actions to take. A process is when a computer follows a set of instructions using the data that has been input. Sequence: steps carried out in order. Selection: A decision or a question Repetition – A repeat in code, repeating a sequence of instructions a certain 	
	number of times.	
Ancient Worlds - Structure	 Music Crucial Knowledge Singing is to perform songs or tunes using our voices. Rhythm is the music's pattern in time (counted). Pitch is how high or low a sound is. 	
Around the World - Pitch	 Tuned instrument is an instrument that plays set notes e.g. piano. Untuned instrument is an instrument that does not play set notes e.g. drums. Pitch is how high or low a sound is. Musical notation is using symbols to express notes to record music in writing. 	
Physical Education Crucial Knowledge		
Striking & Fielding - Cricket	 Co-operation is when you work together with others to achieve a result. Run is to move quickly using your feet. Movement is when changing position, posture or place. Communicating with others giving and receiving information. Collaboration is working with others to achieve/create something. Competing means to do your best against others. 	
	 Throw is to push an object by hand with a sudden forward motion ending with straightening the arm and wrist. Catching is the use the hands to stop and hold a moving object. Eyes on the object, Finger tips together (two handed catch. Catch the object, then grip it. 	

	Striking is when you hit a ball with a bat or racket.	
	Agility is how quickly you can change direction whilst maintaining speed, balance	
	and power	
	Kicking is when you hit an object (ball) with your foot	
	Attack is to try to move past and score against the opposing team.	
	Defend is to block the other team and stop them from scoring.	
Invasion -	Throw is to push an object by hand with a sudden forward motion ending with	
Football & Netball	straightening the arm and wrist.	
	Catching is the use the hands to stop and hold a moving object.	
	Eyes on the object, Finger tips together (two handed catch)	
	Catch the object, then grip it.	
	Communicating with others giving and receiving information.	
	Collaboration is working with others to achieve/create something	
	Contract 2	
Spring 2		
	Christianity is focussed on the life and teachings of Jesus Christ; who Christians	
	believe to be the Son of God.	
	Jesus was born in Bethlehem in the Middle East over 2,000 years ago.	
	• Christians believe there is only one God, but that he is revealed in three different	
A study of Christianity	forms: God the Father, God the Son, The Holy Spirit.	
	The Christian holy book is the Bible. It is divided into the Old and New Tackers and a	
	Testaments.	
	Many Christians worship in churches. Christian abyyach loss days are called princets as reinistants.	
	 Christian church leaders are called priests or ministers. Important Christian celebrations include Easter and Christmas. 	
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Personal	, Social Health & Economic Education Crucial Knowledge	
	Feelings change because of mood, environment, personal circumstances,	
How can we manage our feelings?	everyday experiences. These may make you feel happy, sad, confused, excited,	
How can we manage our feelings?	 nervous. We all experience different feelings - all types of feelings are okay. 	
	 We all experience different feelings - all types of feelings are okay. If you are worried you need to talk to someone who may be able to help you. 	
	 Feelings can change your appetite, sleep and social interaction. 	
French Crucial Knowledge Crucial knowledge question Crucial knowledge answer		
Cruciai knowledge q	uestion Crucial knowledge answer	
• It is o'clock. (nu	mbers to 12) • Il est heures.	
• I play at		
• I watch at	oʻclock • Je regarde à heures.	